Expanding Bioenergy Opportunities from Working Forests and Rangelands

Karen Potter-Witter  
*Michigan State University*

Daniel Cassidy  
*United States Department of Agriculture*

Nancy K. Franz Dr.  
*Iowa State University, nfranz@iastate.edu*

Follow this and additional works at: [http://lib.dr.iastate.edu/extension_research](http://lib.dr.iastate.edu/extension_research)

Part of the [Educational Assessment, Evaluation, and Research Commons](http://lib.dr.iastate.edu/extension_research/), [Educational Methods Commons](http://lib.dr.iastate.edu/extension_research/), and the [Other Education Commons](http://lib.dr.iastate.edu/extension_research/)

**Recommended Citation**

[http://lib.dr.iastate.edu/extension_research/12](http://lib.dr.iastate.edu/extension_research/12)

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Extension and Outreach at Iowa State University Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in Extension and Outreach Research and Scholarship by an authorized administrator of Iowa State University Digital Repository. For more information, please contact digirep@iastate.edu.
EXPANDING BIOENERGY OPPORTUNITIES FROM WORKING FORESTS AND RANGELANDS

THE COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICE
North Central Region
The North Central region has marginal and state-owned lands available for production and has a history of wood processing and manufacturing.

- Extension educators provide community workshops, field days, planning sessions, and demonstrations. Topics include producing wood fuel pellets for local markets and generating power from biomass.
- Extension has developed partnerships across the region with the states’ natural resource divisions, landowners, industries, power companies, NGOs, community colleges, and farmers’ cooperatives.

Western Region
Extension education in this region is as diverse as the region’s states themselves.

- Some states have an active Extension effort with those staff who develop and conduct workshops and demonstrations.
- Most states actively partner with a variety of stakeholders and experts to deliver Extension education in biomass and bioenergy. Program examples include statewide collaboratives to develop renewable energy, “think tank” groups for community development of alternative energy, conferences, Web-based information, and documentation of bioenergy activities.

Northeast Region
The Northeast is a competitive environment for wood energy products; use of wood energy in public buildings is not uncommon.

- Extension facilitates community involvement with changes in the forest industry and conversion of forest products.
- The Extension biomass working group offers programs that address bioenergy social issues and decision-making.
- Extension has also developed guidelines for biomass harvesting, Web resources, and partnerships such as the Fuels for Schools program.

Southern Region
The South has areas with high levels of non-industrial private landowners.

- The central educator for the region has produced a guidebook, fact sheets, and community economic profiles. Online learning modules, presentations, and an encyclopedia are also available.
- A biomass initiative trains agents who, in turn, train communities, policy makers, landowners, and loggers.
- Extension has also disseminated research information, provided outreach programs to promote awareness, and facilitated sessions with policy makers and investors.

The Cooperative Extension Service helps communities make wise decisions about bioenergy options.
As fossil fuel prices rise, so does the interest in developing alternative sources of energy. Working forests and rangelands are a major source of raw material being considered for applications ranging from direct combustion to ethanol production. Across the U.S., woody biomass energy is being studied for its potential to contribute to economic development and the revitalization of forest and range dependent communities.

The need for public education and dissemination of research results has increased. Landowners, forest managers, and range managers are facing new questions about biomass production. Plant managers and engineers are facing decisions about new processing methods and unfamiliar raw materials.

The goal of Extension is to increase forest and rangeland health as well as to help build and sustain communities.

**WHAT ARE THE POLICY ISSUES?**

The economic, social, and environmental factors catalyzing the use of biomass for energy include:

- Conversion of agricultural, range, and forest land to development
- Climate change
- Wildfire risk
- Water quality
- Land fragmentation
- Dependence on foreign fuel
- Wildlife protection
- Economic development
- The changing forest economy
- Decrease in the forest/range workforce
- Management of invasive plant and pest species
- Competing use of forests
- Increase in technical capacity for energy production and manufacturing
- Conversion of urban waste into energy

Extension can help individuals, businesses, and communities navigate this multifaceted context. In particular, Extension can link state and federal leadership with local needs.

**HOW CAN EXTENSION HELP?**

**PROMOTE/ENABLE READINESS…**

- Provide intense program specialist training
- Provide research sites, new technology demonstrations, and other assistance
- Inform policy through expert testimony and education on issues
- Develop a common language for bioenergy concepts such as conversion factors
- Interpret and disseminate research
- Provide workshops, conferences, Web sites, and publications

**WORK WITH COMMUNITIES…**

- Develop mechanisms and frameworks for community decision making
- Link collaborators, Extension specialists and researchers
- Develop professional networks and partnerships
- Encourage leadership exchanges

**CONDUCT RESEARCH…**

- Inventory resources
- Perform needs assessments and feasibility analysis
- Evaluate outcome effectiveness
- Document impacts and lessons learned
In June of 2008, a panel of 23 natural resource experts from every region of the U.S. met to assess current programs and to develop national priorities for forest- and range-based biomass energy. Participants from the following institutions are gratefully acknowledged for their contributions to this publication.

- Auburn University
- Iowa State University
- Michigan State University
- Mississippi State University
- North Carolina State University
- North Dakota State University
- Oklahoma State University
- Pennsylvania State University
- Texas A&M University
- University of Alaska at Fairbanks
- University of California at Berkeley
- University of Georgia and Southern Region Extension Forestry
- University of Illinois
- University of Kentucky
- University of Minnesota
- University of Missouri
- University of New Hampshire
- University of Wisconsin
- USDA Forest Service State and Private
- Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University

Contact Information

DANIEL CASSIDY, PH.D.
National Program Leader for Forest-based Bioenergy
USDA Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service
3210 Waterfront Centre
800 9th Street, SW
Washington, DC  20024
Tel: (202) 401-6444
Fax: (202) 401-1706
E-mail: dcassidy@csrees.usda.gov

KAREN POTTER-WITTER, PH.D.
Professor
Department of Forestry
Michigan State University
111 Natural Resources
East Lansing, MI  48824
Tel: (517) 353-9447
Fax: (517) 432-1143
E-mail: karen@msu.edu

Web Site
www.csrees.usda.gov/forests.cfm

FSC logo and PCW % information here